## REQUEST FOR THERAPEUTIC APHERESIS PROCEDURE

MRI Number



## Please print legibly as this is a medical legal document.

I hereby request the South African National Blood Service to perform a therapeutic procedure (or series of procedures) on the following patient.

Name of Patient										
Date of Birth			Gender				Heigh	nt		
Age			ID No				Weight			
Diagnosis							ICD C	Code		
Hospital				Hospita Numbe			Ward			
Medical Aid				Primary depend	member dant:					
Society	Medica	I Aid No	o:			Depe	ndant	ndant Code:		
Address										
Contact No (Home)				Work			Cell			
Procedure Required					·		ABO (	and		
Central line (indicate)	Size			Туре			Site			
Allergies	•									
First Procedure (date)				Frequen (indicate			Daily		Alternate day	Other:
Plasma Volume Exchange	Estim			Estimate	ted Number of Procedures					
Desired Fluid Replacement: (Tick the applicable fluid)										
4% Albusol solution			FFP	Cryo Poor Plas		or Plasr	ma		Other	
Attending physician Name and Surname			Signature		ature					
Red cell exchange procedures		End Haen	natocrit			Desired Fraction of Cells Re		ells Rer	maining	

Transfusion History

Transfession mistory							
Has the patient received blood or blood component transfusions before?							
Is there a history of transfusion related reaction?							
Describe transfusion reaction							
(Type of reaction / blood product involved)							

Name of Patient	Date of Birth	

Laboratory Results: Day 1 of procedure						
НВ		Red cell fragments		Neutrophil cou	ınt / %	
Haematocrit (HCT)		Urea		Lymphocyte c	ount / %	
WCC		Creatinine		Monocyte cou	ınt / %	
Platelets		GFR		Basophil count	1%	
LDH		GCS		Eosinophil cou	nt / %	
Corrected Ca++		GBS ds		RVD	+	-
Ionized Ca++		pO <sub>2</sub>		HBV	+	-
Mg++		FiO <sub>2</sub>		HCV	+	-
Other		LDL cholesterol		Other		

1. Please schedule medication (especially antibiotics and plasma-bound drugs) to be administered post-

Medication on first day of procedure					
Medication	Dosage	Route	Frequency		

exchange when possible.

- 2. It is recommended that ACE inhibitors be discontinued for 48-72 hours prior to therapeutic plasma exchange procedures. For patients with impaired liver and renal functions additional time is recommended.
- 3. Please notify the Apheresis Staff if the procedure is cancelled or the patient's condition changes.

4. Please note completion of the necessary documentation is **a medico legal requirement** and any delays in the completion of the paperwork will result in delays in the procedures.

СНЕСКЫЗТ							
Patient details	Neight (daily for duration of procedures).						
Documents Completion of consent form.							
Documents	Completion of request form.						
Patient location	Patient must be in bed at designated time of procedure.						
Talletii localioti	For dialysis patients: please inform therapeutics practitioner at what time dialysis procedure will be performed.						
	Working light source.						
	Working water supply.						
Ward / cubicle	Working electricity supply.						
	Working oxygen supply.						
	Working suction supply.						
	Minimum of 11.5 Fr for adults.						
Central venous	f subclavian or internal jugular veins,						
catheter (CVC)	CXR-based confirmation of position of CVC and exclusion of a pneumothorax.						
	NOTE: It is the responsibility of the attending physician to ensure correct placement of the central venous						
	catheter.						
Blood products	Requested from blood bank as urgent.						
blood products	For <u>TTP</u> , blood products requested for at least 10 days from start of procedure.						
	FBC and smear.						
Blood results: Daily	Calcium.						
for TTP	LDH.						
	U&E and creatinine.						
Name of Patient	ame of Patient Date of Birth						

# STANDING ORDERS FOR EMERGENCY TREATMENT OF ADVERSE EFFECTS DURING THERAPEUTIC PLASMA EXCHANGE

Standing orders for the treatment or prevention of adverse effects during therapeutic plasma exchange procedure are reviewed by the Apheresis Lead Consultant. The Apheresis Staff and/or the Apheresis Consultant and the attending physician must be notified, as soon as possible, of any adverse reaction that occurred after the procedure.

#### 1. Allergic reactions

- a) Pre-medication for patients with a history of allergic reactions:
  - i) If a patient has a history of hives or urticarial reactions when receiving blood products, pre-medicate the patient with 12.5mg diphenhydramine (e.g. Phenergan) intravenously.
  - ii) If the patient has a history of severe allergic reactions, pre-medicate the patient with 12.5mg 25 mg Promethazine hydrochloride (e.g. Phenergan) and hydrocortisone 100mg (e.g. Solu-Cortef) or equivalent dose of other available intravenous steroid.
- b) Onset of allergic reactions (mild-moderate) during procedure:
  - i) Pause the procedure, open saline line, monitor vital signs, connect patient to a pulse oximeter (if available). Administer oxygen at 5-10L/min. Call attending physician. Administer 12.5-25mg Promethazine hydrochloride (e.g. Phenergan) and hydrocortisone 100mg (e.g. Solu-Cortef) or equivalent dose of other available intravenous steroid.
  - ii) Notify Apheresis Lead Consultant.

### 2. Citrate toxicity or hypocalcaemia

- a) Patients that have daily therapeutic plasma exchanges performed should have ionized calcium or a total and corrected calcium level tested.
- b) In a patient presenting with an ionised calcium level less than 1 mmol/L or a corrected calcium count less than 2 mmol/L, intravenous calcium should be administered (e.g. administer 1 ampoule calcium gluconate IV over three minutes and administer 1 ampoule calcium gluconate 10% in a 250ml saline over 2-3 hours during the procedure).
- c) A patient presenting with ionised calcium count of 1.1 mmol/L or corrected calcium count less than 2.15 mmol/L, administer 1 ampoule calcium gluconate in a 250ml saline over 2-3 hours during the procedure.
- d) If a patient presents with symptoms of mild hypocalcaemia, administer 1 gram of oral calcium gluconate (e.g. Calcium Sandoz). Dose can be repeated prn x2.
- e) If a patient develops moderate to severe hypocalcaemia, administer 1 ampoule of calcium gluconate 10% in a 50ml saline solution over 10 minutes. Alternatively, administer calcium by slow intravenous (IV) push.
- f) Intravenous calcium must be administered through a different IV line to the line used for the apheresis procedure. If no alternate line is available, the procedure must be paused, the calcium administered and the line flushed with saline solution, before continuing the procedure.

#### Agreement by attending physician

I have medically examined the patient and undertaken the relevant laboratory investigations and I consider the patient will tolerate the procedure without any significant untoward reaction.

I understand that the technical procedure is being undertaken by the staff of SANBS. I have made arrangements for emergency medical care should it be necessary. I authorise the administration of medication routinely used during this type of procedure. I understand that I as the attending physician primarily remain responsible for the medical management of the patient and must be available for consultation during the therapeutic apheresis procedure, or in the event of any untoward reaction.

Name of Responsible Physician	Signature		
Practice Number	 Date	Contact Number	